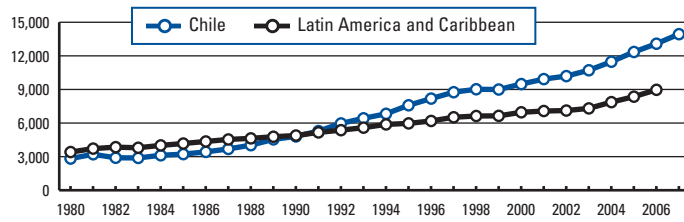


Chile

Key indicators

Total population (millions), 2007	16.6
GDP (US\$ billions), 2007	163.8
GDP per capita (US\$), 2007	9,879.1
GDP (PPP) as share (%) of world total, 2007	0.36

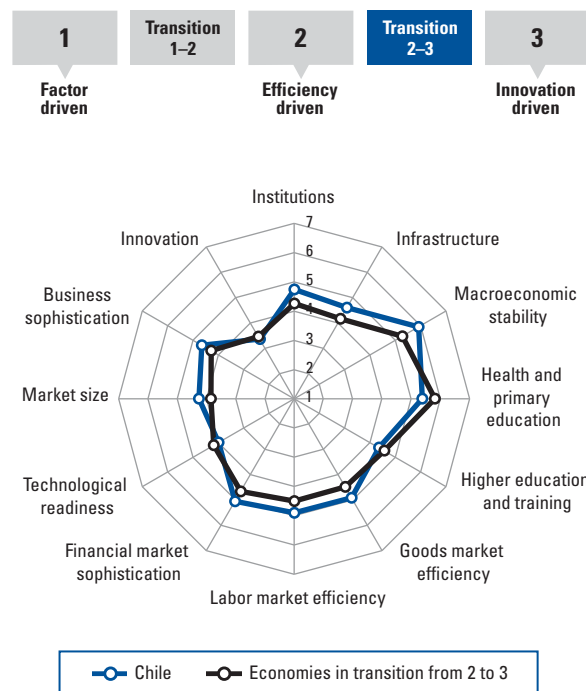
GDP (PPP US\$) per capita, 1980–2007



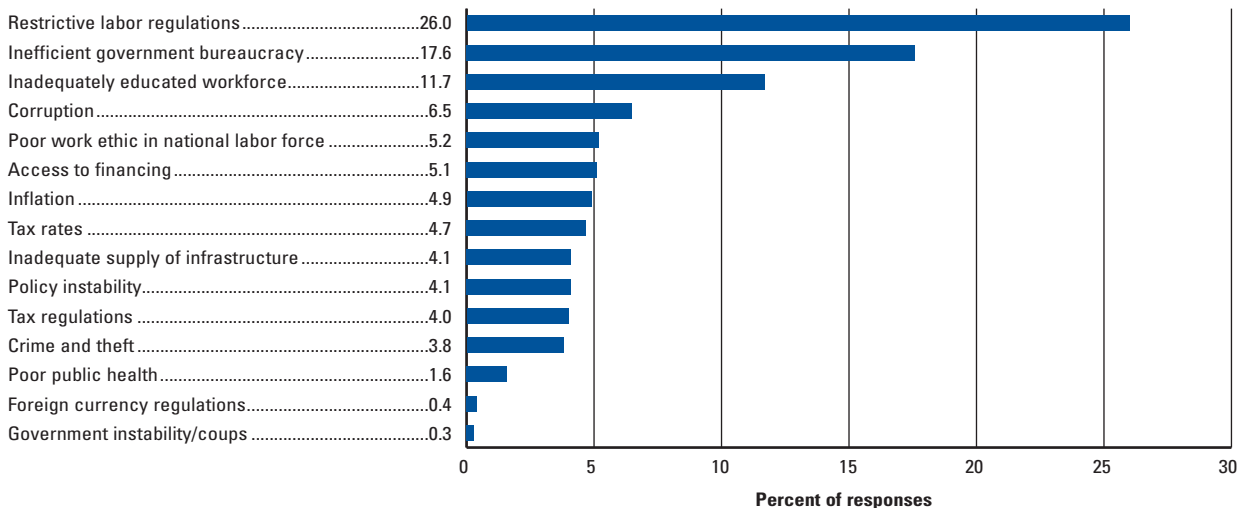
Global Competitiveness Index

	Rank (out of 134)	Score (1–7)
GCI 2008–2009	28	4.7
GCI 2007–2008 (out of 131)	26	4.8
GCI 2006–2007 (out of 122)	27	4.8
Basic requirements	36	5.1
1st pillar: Institutions	37	4.7
2nd pillar: Infrastructure	30	4.6
3rd pillar: Macroeconomic stability	14	5.9
4th pillar: Health and primary education	73	5.4
Efficiency enhancers	30	4.6
5th pillar: Higher education and training	50	4.3
6th pillar: Goods market efficiency	26	4.9
7th pillar: Labor market efficiency	17	4.9
8th pillar: Financial market sophistication	29	5.1
9th pillar: Technological readiness	42	4.0
10th pillar: Market size	47	4.3
Innovation and sophistication factors	44	4.0
11th pillar: Business sophistication	31	4.7
12th pillar: Innovation	56	3.3

Stage of development



The most problematic factors for doing business



Note: From a list of 15 factors, respondents were asked to select the five most problematic for doing business in their country and to rank them between 1 (most problematic) and 5. The bars in the figure show the responses weighted according to their rankings.

The Global Competitiveness Index in detail

INDICATOR	RANK/134	INDICATOR	RANK/134
1st pillar: Institutions		6th pillar: Goods market efficiency	
1.01	Property rights40	6.01	Intensity of local competition19
1.02	Intellectual property protection63	6.02	Extent of market dominance57
1.03	Diversion of public funds52	6.03	Effectiveness of anti-monopoly policy25
1.04	Public trust of politicians42	6.04	Extent and effect of taxation45
1.05	Judicial independence52	6.05	Total tax rate*12
1.06	Favoritism in decisions of government officials41	6.06	No. of procedures required to start a business*58
1.07	Wastefulness of government spending49	6.07	Time required to a business*61
1.08	Burden of government regulation34	6.08	Agricultural policy costs3
1.09	Efficiency of legal framework30	6.09	Prevalence of trade barriers5
1.10	Transparency of government policymaking26	6.10	Trade-weighted tariff rate*57
1.11	Business costs of terrorism27	6.11	Prevalence of foreign ownership11
1.12	Business costs of crime and violence84	6.12	Business impact of rules on FDI19
1.13	Organized crime32	6.13	Burden of customs procedures7
1.14	Reliability of police services16	6.14	Degree of customer orientation47
1.15	Ethical behavior of firms23	6.15	Buyer sophistication29
1.16	Strength of auditing and reporting standards32	7th pillar: Labor market efficiency	
1.17	Efficacy of corporate boards7	7.01	Cooperation in labor-employer relations51
1.18	Protection of minority shareholders' interests32	7.02	Flexibility of wage determination6
2nd pillar: Infrastructure		7.03	Non-wage labor costs*12
2.01	Quality of overall infrastructure29	7.04	Rigidity of employment*32
2.02	Quality of roads22	7.05	Hiring and firing practices74
2.03	Quality of railroad infrastructure73	7.06	Firing costs*81
2.04	Quality of port infrastructure37	7.07	Pay and productivity21
2.05	Quality of air transport infrastructure24	7.08	Reliance on professional management18
2.06	Available seat kilometers*39	7.09	Brain drain6
2.07	Quality of electricity supply49	7.10	Female participation in labor force*111
2.08	Telephone lines*63	8th pillar: Financial market sophistication	
3rd pillar: Macroeconomic stability		8.01	Financial market sophistication26
3.01	Government surplus/deficit*10	8.02	Financing through local equity market10
3.02	National savings rate*51	8.03	Ease of access to loans28
3.03	Inflation*60	8.04	Venture capital availability37
3.04	Interest rate spread*23	8.05	Restriction on capital flows36
3.05	Government debt*7	8.06	Strength of investor protection*26
4th pillar: Health and primary education		8.07	Soundness of banks18
4.01	Business impact of malaria26	8.08	Regulation of securities exchanges14
4.02	Malaria incidence*1	8.09	Legal rights index*72
4.03	Business impact of tuberculosis22	9th pillar: Technological readiness	
4.04	Tuberculosis incidence*31	9.01	Availability of latest technologies42
4.05	Business impact of HIV/AIDS43	9.02	Firm-level technology absorption33
4.06	HIV prevalence*68	9.03	Laws relating to ICT26
4.07	Infant mortality*39	9.04	FDI and technology transfer31
4.08	Life expectancy*29	9.05	Mobile telephone subscribers*55
4.09	Quality of primary education110	9.06	Internet users*51
4.10	Primary enrollment*99	9.07	Personal computers*53
4.11	Education expenditure*84	9.08	Broadband Internet subscribers*38
5th pillar: Higher education and training		10th pillar: Market size	
5.01	Secondary enrollment*54	10.01	Domestic market size*47
5.02	Tertiary enrollment*41	10.02	Foreign market size*43
5.03	Quality of the educational system86	11th pillar: Business sophistication	
5.04	Quality of math and science education107	11.01	Local supplier quantity20
5.05	Quality of management schools19	11.02	Local supplier quality28
5.06	Internet access in schools41	11.03	State of cluster development53
5.07	Local availability of research and training services46	11.04	Nature of competitive advantage69
5.08	Extent of staff training48	11.05	Value chain breadth55
		11.06	Control of international distribution24
		11.07	Production process sophistication36
		11.08	Extent of marketing18
		11.09	Willingness to delegate authority36
		12th pillar: Innovation	
		12.01	Capacity for innovation57
		12.02	Quality of scientific research institutions62
		12.03	Company spending on R&D64
		12.04	University-industry research collaboration51
		12.05	Gov't procurement of advanced tech products53
		12.06	Availability of scientists and engineers35
		12.07	Utility patents*40

* Hard data

Note: For further details and explanation, please refer to the section "How to Read the Country/Economy Profiles" at the beginning of this chapter.